

District of Columbia Selected Economic Characteristics: 2005-2009
Data Set: 2005-2009 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates

Selected Economic Characteristics	Estimate	Margin of Error (+/-)	Percent	Margin of Error (+/-)
EMPLOYMENT STATUS				
Population 16 years and over	487,174	497	487,174	(X)
In labor force	324,325	2,473	66.6%	0.5
Civilian labor force	321,466	2,503	66.0%	0.5
Employed	291,830	2,612	59.9%	0.5
Unemployed	29,636	1,260	6.1%	0.3
Armed Forces	2,859	375	0.6%	0.1
Not in labor force	162,849	2,490	33.4%	0.5
Civilian labor force	321,466	2,503	321,466	(X)
Percent Unemployed	9.2%	0.4	(X)	(X)
Females 16 years and over	261,199	316	261,199	(X)
In labor force	165,230	1,669	63.3%	0.6
Civilian labor force	164,575	1,695	63.0%	0.6
Employed	149,888	1,744	57.4%	0.7
Own children under 6 years	39,011	686	39,011	(X)
All parents in family in labor force	25,012	981	64.1%	2.2
Own children 6 to 17 years	64,627	990	64,627	(X)
All parents in family in labor force	46,126	1,271	71.4%	1.8
COMMUTING TO WORK				
Workers 16 years and over	287,062	2,747	287,062	(X)
Car, truck, or van -- drove alone	106,029	2,416	36.9%	0.7
Car, truck, or van -- carpooled	19,843	1,336	6.9%	0.4
Public transportation (excluding taxicab)	106,528	2,246	37.1%	0.8
Walked	32,430	1,266	11.3%	0.4
Other means	8,802	735	3.1%	0.3
Worked at home	13,430	787	4.7%	0.3
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	29.4	0.3	(X)	(X)
OCCUPATION				
Civilian employed population 16 years and over	291,830	2,612	291,830	(X)
Management, professional, and related occupations	162,983	2,001	55.8%	0.7
Service occupations	47,532	1,556	16.3%	0.5
Sales and office occupations	57,654	1,735	19.8%	0.5
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	201	132	0.1%	0.1
Construction, extraction, maintenance, and repair occupations	10,072	805	3.5%	0.3
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	13,388	1,375	4.6%	0.5
INDUSTRY				
Civilian employed population 16 years and over	291,830	2,612	291,830	(X)
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining	447	159	0.2%	0.1
Construction	8,986	701	3.1%	0.2
Manufacturing	3,821	479	1.3%	0.2
Wholesale trade	1,957	308	0.7%	0.1
Retail trade	15,158	1,002	5.2%	0.3
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities	9,260	640	3.2%	0.2
Information	13,110	879	4.5%	0.3
Finance and insurance, and real estate and rental and leasing	19,105	1,079	6.5%	0.4
Professional, scientific, and management, and administrative and waste management services	64,017	1,526	21.9%	0.5
Educational services, and health care and social assistance	57,941	1,684	19.9%	0.5
Arts, entertainment, and recreation, and accommodation and food services	26,750	1,272	9.2%	0.4
Other services, except public administration	24,144	1,100	8.3%	0.4
Public administration	47,134	1,450	16.2%	0.5
CLASS OF WORKER				
Civilian employed population 16 years and over	291,830	2,612	291,830	(X)
Private wage and salary workers	199,555	2,621	68.4%	0.6
Government workers	76,158	1,686	26.1%	0.6
Self-employed in own not incorporated business workers	15,843	777	5.4%	0.2
Unpaid family workers	274	127	0.1%	0.1
INCOME AND BENEFITS (IN 2009 INFLATION-ADJUSTED DOLLARS)				
Total households	250,723	1,237	250,723	(X)
Less than \$10,000	27,704	953	11.0%	0.4
\$10,000 to \$14,999	12,177	826	4.9%	0.3
\$15,000 to \$24,999	21,274	968	8.5%	0.4
\$25,000 to \$34,999	21,752	916	8.7%	0.4
\$35,000 to \$49,999	30,047	1,044	12.0%	0.4
\$50,000 to \$74,999	39,188	1,206	15.6%	0.5
\$75,000 to \$99,999	26,606	1,077	10.6%	0.4
\$100,000 to \$149,999	31,706	1,199	12.6%	0.5
\$150,000 to \$199,999	16,712	748	6.7%	0.3
\$200,000 or more	23,557	902	9.4%	0.4
Median household income (dollars)	56,519	913	(X)	(X)
Mean household income (dollars)	90,580	1,278	(X)	(X)
With earnings	202,621	1,798	80.8%	0.5
Mean earnings (dollars)	93,953	1,311	(X)	(X)
With Social Security	48,233	890	19.2%	0.4
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	12,130	211	(X)	(X)
With retirement income	40,104	1,058	16.0%	0.4
Mean retirement income (dollars)	32,459	1,241	(X)	(X)

With Supplemental Security Income	9,632	620	3.8%	0.2
Mean Supplemental Security Income (dollars)	7,012	296	(X)	(X)
With cash public assistance income	11,237	742	4.5%	0.3
Mean cash public assistance income (dollars)	3,728	218	(X)	(X)
With Food Stamp/SNAP benefits in the past 12 months	26,231	1,008	10.5%	0.4
Families	110,035	1,691	110,035	(X)
Less than \$10,000	9,591	687	8.7%	0.6
\$10,000 to \$14,999	4,321	514	3.9%	0.5
\$15,000 to \$24,999	8,807	644	8.0%	0.6
\$25,000 to \$34,999	9,596	644	8.7%	0.6
\$35,000 to \$49,999	12,065	783	11.0%	0.7
\$50,000 to \$74,999	14,631	724	13.3%	0.6
\$75,000 to \$99,999	10,662	687	9.7%	0.6
\$100,000 to \$149,999	14,717	768	13.4%	0.7
\$150,000 to \$199,999	9,854	575	9.0%	0.5
\$200,000 or more	15,791	770	14.4%	0.7
Median family income (dollars)	67,006	1,824	(X)	(X)
Mean family income (dollars)	113,236	2,581	(X)	(X)
Per capita income (dollars)	40,846	545	(X)	(X)
Nonfamily households	140,688	2,056	140,688	(X)
Median nonfamily income (dollars)	50,281	979	(X)	(X)
Mean nonfamily income (dollars)	71,039	1,328	(X)	(X)
Median earnings for workers (dollars)	39,852	577	(X)	(X)
Median earnings for male full-time, year-round workers (dollars)	58,091	1,189	(X)	(X)
Median earnings for female full-time, year-round workers (dollars)	51,967	844	(X)	(X)
HEALTH INSURANCE COVERAGE				
Civilian Noninstitutionalized Population	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
With health insurance coverage	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
With private health insurance coverage	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
With public health coverage	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
No health insurance coverage	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
Civilian Noninstitutionalized Population Under 18 years	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
No health insurance coverage	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
PERCENTAGE OF FAMILIES AND PEOPLE WHOSE INCOME IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS IS BELOW THE POVERTY LEVEL				
All families	14.9%	0.8	(X)	(X)
With related children under 18 years	24.0%	1.2	(X)	(X)
With related children under 5 years only	14.0%	2.4	(X)	(X)
Married couple families	4.0%	0.5	(X)	(X)
With related children under 18 years	5.3%	1	(X)	(X)
With related children under 5 years only	3.4%	1.6	(X)	(X)
Families with female householder, no husband present	28.8%	1.4	(X)	(X)
With related children under 18 years	37.6%	1.9	(X)	(X)
With related children under 5 years only	34.0%	5.5	(X)	(X)
All people	18.3%	0.6	(X)	(X)
Under 18 years	29.0%	1.7	(X)	(X)
Related children under 18 years	28.7%	1.7	(X)	(X)
Related children under 5 years	26.1%	2.4	(X)	(X)
Related children 5 to 17 years	29.9%	2	(X)	(X)
18 years and over	15.6%	0.5	(X)	(X)
18 to 64 years	15.7%	0.5	(X)	(X)
65 years and over	14.7%	1.1	(X)	(X)
People in families	17.1%	0.9	(X)	(X)
Unrelated individuals 15 years and over	20.5%	0.7	(X)	(X)

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2005-2009 American Community Survey

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

Notes:

.Employment and unemployment estimates may vary from the official labor force data released by the Bureau of Labor Statistics because of differences in survey design and data collection. For guidance on differences in employment and unemployment estimates from different sources go to Labor Force Guidance.

.Workers include members of the Armed Forces and civilians who were at work last week.

.Occupation codes are 4-digit codes and are based on Standard Occupational Classification 2000.

.Industry codes are 4-digit codes and are based on the North American Industry Classification System 2002 and 2007. The 2005, 2006 and 2007 ACS data are coded using NAICS 2002 while the 2008 and 2009 ACS data use NAICS 2007 codes. Categories that differ between 2002 and 2007 NAICS are aggregated so that the 5 years of data are consistent in display and reflect the NAICS 2007 codes. The industry categories adhere to the guidelines issued in Clarification Memorandum No. 2, "NAICS Alternate Aggregation Structure for Use By U.S. Statistical Agencies," issued by the Office of Management and Budget.

.Selected earnings and income data are not available for certain geographic areas due to problems with group quarters data collection and imputation. See the ACS User Notes for details.

.Logical coverage edits applying a rules-based assignment of Medicaid, Medicare and military health coverage were added in 2009 -- please see http://www.census.gov/hhes/www/hlthins/publications/coverage_edits_final.pdf for more details.

.While the 2005-2009 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the November 2008 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

.Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2000 data. Boundaries for urban areas have not been updated since Census 2000. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Explanation of Symbols:

1. An '***' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.

2. An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.

3. An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.

4. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.

5. An '****' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.

6. An '*****' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.

7. An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.

8. An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.