

This report is based on data produced by the U.S. Census Bureau and may differ from data produced by other entities.

## Women in the District of Columbia

## History

In the United States, Women's History Month originated in 1981 when Congress authorized and requested the President to proclaim March 7-13, 1982 as Women's History Week, the week-long celebration honoring women. Congress continued to pass annual proclamations designating a week in March as Women's History Week until 1987 when the National Women's History Project petitioned for a month long celebration. Every year since, Congress has passed a resolution for Women's History Month, and the President has issued a proclamation. This brief presents key demographic information on women in the District of Columbia using data from the U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey (ACS) 2011 1-year estimates and other sources, as noted.

## Population

## 325,713

The number of females in the District in 2011, representing $52.7 \%$ of the total population. The number of males was 292,283. (Source: 2011 ACS 1-year estimates)

## 41,924

At 65 and older, there were almost twice as many women as there were men in 2011; 41,924 women to 27,814 men. (Source: 2011 ACS 1-year estimates)


## 33.7

Median age of females in 2011, compared to 33.1 for males. (Source: 2011 ACS 1-year estimates)

## 18,798

The number offemales living in group quarters in 2011 , representing 5.8 percent of the female population. (Source: 2011 ACS 1-year estimates)

## Jobs and Unemployment

## 64.4\%

Percentage of females 16 and older who participated in the labor force in 2011. (Source: 2011 ACS 1-year estimates)

## 61.5\%

Percent of employed females 16 and older who worked in management, business, and financial occupations, compared with 60.0 percent of employed males in 2011. (Source: 2011 ACS 1-year estimates)

## 20.2\%

The percent of females employed in sales and office occupations, compared with $13.2 \%$ of employed males in 2011. (Source: 2011 ACS 1 -year estimates)

## 7.1

The unemployment rate for married women whose spouse was present, compared to $5.2 \%$ for married men whose spouse was present in 2011. (Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, 2011 Current Population Survey)

## 18.4

The unemployment rate for women who maintain families in 2011. (Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, 2011 Current Population Survey)


## Military Service

## 11.4\%

Percentage of District veterans that were female in 2011, representing 3,381 women. (Source: 2011 ACS 1 -year estimates)


## Earnings

## \$60,332

The median annual earnings of women 16 years or older who worked year-round, full time in 2011. In comparison, the median annual earnings of men were $\$ 66,760$. (Source: 2011 ACS 1-year estimates)

The female-to-male earnings ratio in 2011. (Source: 2011 ACS 1-year estimates)

## 20.2\%

The percentage of DC women 16 years or older who worked yearround, full time who earned $\$ 100,000$ or more in 2011. In comparison, $31.0 \%$ of men 16 years or older earned $\$ 100,000$ or more. (Source: 2011 ACS 1-year estimates)

## Education

## 118,093

Number of women 25 and older with a bachelor's degree or more in 2011, higher than the corresponding number for men $(106,671)$. Women had a larger share of high school diplomas (including equivalents), as well as associate, bachelor's and master's degrees. More men than women had a professional or doctoral degree. (Source: 2011 ACS 1-year estimates)

## 51.9\%

Percent of women 25 and older who had obtained a bachelor's degree or more as of 2011. (Source: 2011 ACS 1-year estimates)

## 44,124

Number of college students in 2011 who were women age 15 and older. (Source: 2011 ACS 1-year estimates)


## Voting

## 48.1\%

Percentage of District female citizens 18 and older who reported voting in the 2010 congressional election, 41.9 percent of their male counterparts cast a ballot. Additionally, 69.5 percent of female citizens reported being registered to vote. (Source: Voting and Registration in the Election of November 2010, Table 4b)


## Motherhood

## 7,070

Number of women age 15 to 50 with births in the past 12 months in 2011. (Source: 2011 ACS 1 -year estimates)

## 17.0\%

Percentage of stay-at-home moms (married-couple families with own children under 18 years where the wife stayed-at-home while the husband worked). Compared with $4.0 \%$ of stay-at-home dads (marriedcouple families with own children under 18 years where the husband stayed-at-home while the wife worked). (Source: 2011 ACS 1-year estimates)


## Marriage

## 121,461

Median age at first marriage for women 15 to 54 years. (Source: 2011 ACS 1-year estimates)

## 30.1

Median age at first marriage for women 15 to 54 years. (Source: 2011 ACS 1-year estimates)

## 25.6\%

Percentage of females 15 years and over who were married in 2011; $56.9 \%$ were single, $7.8 \%$ were widowed, and $9.7 \%$ were divorced. (Source: 2011 ACS 1-year estimates)

## Historical - 1960 Census

## 405,785

Number of females in 1960, representing $53.1 \%$ of the population, compared to 358.171 men. (Source: 1960 Census)

## 33.8

Median age of females in 1960, compared to 30.6 for males. (Source: 1960 Census)

## 16,224

The number of females living in group quarters in 1960, representing 4.0 percent of the female population. (Source: 1960 Census)

## 48.1\%

Percentage of females 14 years and over not in the labor force, representing 150,685 women. Of those not in the labor force: $3.6 \%$ were an inmate of an institution; $14.1 \%$ were enrolled in school; $20.0 \%$ were under 65 years old with children under 6 years; and $21.0 \%$ were 65 years old and over. (Source: 1960 Census)

## 3.8

The unemployment rate for females 14 years and over in 1960. (Source: 1960 Census)

## \$2,457

The median income of women 14 or older who worked in 1960. In comparison, the median income of men was $\$ 3,818$. (Source: 1960 Census)

## 53.8\%

Percentage of females 14 years and over who were married in 1960; $26.9 \%$ were single, $14.4 \%$ were widowed, and $4.8 \%$ were divorced. (Source: 1960 Census)


Photo Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Public Information Office

